Form 668

U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT . INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

NOTICE OF FEDERAL TAX LIEN UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

Dallas, Tems

H-9762

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 6321,6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notice is hereby given that there have been assessed under the Internal Revenue laws of the United States against the following-named taxpayer, taxes (including interest and penalties) which after demand for payment thereof remain unpaid, and that by virtue of the above-mentioned statutes the amount of said taxes, together with penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, is a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property belonging to said taxpayer, to wit:

| noces | 60 Bb modes | | ASSESSMENT DATE | AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT |
|-------|--------------|-------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| | 60 RP 300663 | 1959 | 5/27/60 | 3,321,36 |
| | | 4.414 | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | \$ |
| | | | TOTAL | 3,322,36 |

COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 1733

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 6321: LIEN FOR TAXES.

If my person links to pay my tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount lincheding any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or casessable penalty, together with my courts that may acrow in addition theretol shall be a lieu in fever of the United Striess upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

SEC. 6322. PERIOD OF LIEN.

Unless mother dute is specifically fixed by low, the lies imposed by section 532 shall arise at the time the casessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed is actisfied or becomes unsuforceable by remon of lopse of time.

SEC. 6323. VALIDITY AGAINST MORTGAGEES, PLEDGEES, PURCHASERS, AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS.

(e) INVALIDITY OF LIEN WITHOUT NOTICE.— Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the lien imposed by section 6.321 sholl not be valid as against any mortgages, pledges, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice thereof has been filed by the Secretary or his delegate—

(1) Under State or Territorial Lows.—In the office designated by the law of the State or Territory in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has by law designated on office within the State or Territory for the filing of such notice; or

(2) With Clerk of District Court—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State or Territory has not by low designated an office within the State or Territory for the filling of such notice; or

(3) With Clerk of District Court for District of Columbia.—In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(b) FORM OF NOTICE—If the notice filed pursuant to subsection (a)(i) is in such form as would be valid if filed with the clerk of the United States district court pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any low of the State or Territory regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) EXCEPTION IN CASE OF SECURITIES.(1) Exception.-Even though notice of a lieu

provided in section 6321 how been filed in the simmer prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the lize shall not be valid with respect to a security, us defined in puroquept (2) of this subsection, as against any marigages, pledges, or purchases of such security, for on adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, if of the time of such mortgages, pledge, or purchases such marigages, pledges, or purchases such marigages, pledges, or purchases in without notice or knowledge of the existence of such lies.

(2) Definition of Security.—As used in this subsection, the term "security" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any oceporation including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, above of stock, voting trust certificate, or any certificate of interest or participation in, certificate of deposit or receipt for, temporary or interest certificate for, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing; negotiable instrument; or money.

(d) DISCLOSURE OF AMOUNT OF OUTSTAND-INDICATED (a), the December filed under subsection (a), the Becretary or his delegate is matherized to provide by rules or regulations the extent to which, and the conditions under which, information as to the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by the lies may be disclossed.

SEC. 6325. RELEASE OF LIEN OR PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF PROPERTY.

(a) RELEASE OF LIEN.—Subject to such rules or regulations as the Secretary or his delegate may prescribe, the Secretary or his delegate may issue a prescribe of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax If—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary or his delegate finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, has become legally unenforceable, or, in the case of the estate tax imposed by chapter 11 or the gift tax imposed by chapter 12, has been fully satisfied or provided for; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary or his delegate and occepted by him a hond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law functuding any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such rules or regulations.

GPO: 1816 O - 108055