November 30, 1963 Mr. J. E. Curry Chief of Pollo Sirs The following is a chronological report of ewents prior to, during and after the association of President John F. Kennedy, the slaying of Police Officer J. D. Tippit and Lee H. Casald and the apprehension of Jack Ruby, comiled by the undersigned with the essistence of all police officers montioned herein. WITHE STAY, NEVELEER 13, 1963 This date at 6:30 a.m., Deputy Chief N. T. Fisher attended a planning meeting in the Conference noon adjacent to Ur. Coker's office at Love Field. Present were Wajor Nedsah, Sergeant McGroady of Air Force, Mr. George P. Coker, Director of Aviation and Mr. Howard Magrady, Assistant Director of Aviation, and airline officials. His contact was primorily with Sorgeont McGready regarding socurity of Air Force One and Two, and the press plane while at Love Field. A tentative parking area for the three aircraft was selected on the ramp southeast of Gate 35 and northeast of the Air Freight Cargo Building. We also discussed security of the perimeter road at the time the President's plane, Air Force One, would be landing and taking off. Fisher was told a press area would be roped off on the ramp in the vicinity of the President's airplans. Other discussions were held with the airport officials and airline representatives, which did not concern police security. Major Modbah informed Fisher the parking eros would be firmed up by Wednesday, November 20, 1963. This mosting was over at approximately 9045 a.m. Stevenson Exhibit 5053

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STEVENSON EXHIBIT No. 5053

### DIRECTAY, NOVINGER 14, 1963

The morning of Thursday, November 14, 1963, Chief J. E. Curry instructed Assistant Chief Charles Batchelor to be in his office that afternoon at a mouting with him and Mr. Lamson, the Washington representative of the Secret Service, and Mr. Forrest Service, the Dallas Agent in charge of the Secret Service.

At that time, they told us that the route the President probably would take from Love Field through the city had not been finalized, and that the location of the luncheon would be either at the Trade Mart or the Womens Building in Fair Park. Mr. Lawson stated that he thought the route from Love Field would be Cedar Springs to Mockingbird Lone to Lamon Avenue to Turtle Creek Boulevard to Cedar Springs to Marwood to Main Street. He stated that although this sessed to be their preference at the moment, the announcement of the definite route would be made in the press by the host committee. Mr. Lawson further informed us that because the route had not been finalized, no statement chould be made by this department as to the route.

During this conference, ir. Lesson briefly laid out the tentative number of vehicles that would be in the parade and the order in which they would be. He showed us samples of the various identifying badges and buttons which would be worn by authorized personnel of the Fresidential party, the Secret Service and plain-clothes officers.

He stated that they had tentatively selected the area at Love Field where the three planes of the presidential party would be located, but he was concerned about whether or not there was enough apace to park the planes and have room for the convey of vehicles to come on to the apren and pick up the presidential party, thus he could not be sure that this particular location at the north end of the field near the American Airlines Freight Building would be their final arrangement. He stated that they had Air Force personnel coming in to measure the area and tell them whether or not it was sufficient. Mr. Lemon stated that he liked the particular expet due to the fact that there was a chain link fence along the area behind which spectators could be contained.

At this time, arrangements were made for Assistant Chief Datchelor and Deputy Chief M. W. Stovenson to meet with Mr. Lawson and Mr. Sorrells at the Trade Mart on Industrial and Stommons Freeway, Tuesday, November 19, 1963, at 10:00 a.m.

### FRIDAY, NOVUEER 15, 1963

Friday afternoon, Hovember 15, 1963, about 3600 p.m., Assistant Chief Charles Datchelor met with the host committee in the Dator Hotel, Room left. Er. Date Cultum presided at the meeting and the Lausen and another mumber of the Hashington Secret Service staff was present. Next of the discussion at this meeting pertained to arrangements for the guests at the luncheon, publicity and occordination of this type of activity. The only thing mentioned that pertained to the police was the possible route of the metercade.

Datcholor was asked for his opinion of the best route to take from the police stand point, and he stated that of the three possible routes, Lemma Avenus to Central Expressing to Main Street would be the route requiring the least mangager for traffic, but it was insaterial to the department and we would police any route that the committee and the Secret Service selected.

One member of the committee suggested that the closest route would be straight out of Love Field via Cedar Springs to Nerwood, but the objections were raised that the surface of Cedar Springs at this point was rough. There was no mention at this meeting which would be the final selection. It was also pointed out that the route via Lewson Avenue to Turtle Croek to Cedar Springs to Nanwood to Main would generate the greatest number of spectators. (Ultimately this was the route that was announced.) This meeting lasted about one pour.

# MUNDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1963

At 10:00 a.m., Menday, Nevember 18, 1963, Deputy Chief R. H. Lunday and Assistant Chief Charles Batchelor not Mr. Lunday and Mr. Ferrest Servells of the Secret Service at Love Field near the large employees parking let at the south end of the field. We drove from this point onto the apron at Love Field where it was believed the presidential planes might be parked. We briefly looked over the surroundings and the espected route which the convoy would follow off the apron and out of Love Field. It was decided that the point at which this readway intersects Gedar Springs immediately north of the Remada inn was to be the beginning point at which Lunday would be responsible for the assignment of son on the parade route.

Lunday was driving the car occupied by Eatchelor, Mr. Serrells and Mr. Lawson. We ran the parade route at the speeds suggested by Mr. Lawson, timing the route in its entirety. As we passed each signalized intersection, Eatchelor wrote down the number of men to be assigned. Mr. Lawson suggested that at all points at which the convey would turn, additional manpower be assigned. He stated that his experience had been that at these turning points, there were usually large crowds.

He also stated that we should have men on each railroad and traffic overpage that the presidential party would go under, and that these people should be instructed not to let anyone stand over the immediate path of the presidential party. Wr. Lasson also requested that a man be placed under the underpass at Hines and Inwood Lane for security. Batchelor listed every intersection where there was a signal light, every railroad everpass and every traffic overpass on the route. There were from two to four men assigned at each of these points.

Our total running time for the route from Love Field to the Trade Hart was 30 nimutes. In some open eroos, we drove as fast as 30 MM. In areas we believed would have large crowds of people, the speed was reduced to 10 MM. We ran traffic controls with red lights and siren until we get to Ross and Harwood. We then began to observe traffic control. We returned to Love Field and dropped Mr. Sorrells and Mr. Lawson off at their car.

Wonday afternoon, Doputy Chief G. L. tumpkin and Chief J. L. Curry discused the motorcade. Curry stated that Lumpkin would drive his car. At that time it was suggested that there be a pilot car well out in front to be on the elect for accidents, fires or other things that would have a bearing on whether or not the main motorcade would change its route before reaching any apot where trouble might arise.

## THE SDAY, 100 LBCR 19, 1963

About 9330 a.m. on Tuesday, November 19, 1953, Assistant Chief Charles Datchelor, Deputy Chief W. W. Stevenson and Deputy Chief G. L. Luspkin left the Police Department and drove to the Trade Mart where they met with Mr. Lawson, Mr. Grant and Mr. Sorrells of the Secret S.rvice and Battalion Fire Chief Raysond Burrese. They proceeded to the third floor office of Mr. William E. Cooper, Vice-Fresident and General Manager of the Trade Mart. Also present was Mr. Bill Dassen, Mr. Cooper's Assistant, and Mr. Frantz H. Sherman. All sat in Mr. Cooper's office for several minutes discussing the overall plans for the accurity of the building. Mr. Gooper produced photographs of the interior of the building and stated that he had floor plans of each floor if we would like to have copies and asked Mr. Cooper if he had a plat of the entire layout of the building and outside grounds. Mr. Cooper requested one of his assistants to bring these plats to his office.

When they were delivered, Catchelor asked Stevenson if he would like to have a copy of the floor plans to work from. Stevenson replied that he would. These floor plans were handed to Catchelor who in turn gave thee to Stevenson. Datchelor retained the plat of the grounds and a photograph of the grounds.

We then left Wr. Cooper's office and went to the entrance of the building at which the President was to enter, which was the first entrance into the building off industrial Bouleverd after leaving Stemens Depressway. At the first side entrance, Wr. Lawson stated that issuediately adjacent to this entrance on the sidewalk would be a barricaded area where all news media and photographers would be allowed to congregate after their credentials were checked, and that they would be permitted to enter after the President's party had gone in.

At this time, ir. Larson also cutlined the area on the industrial Street side of the building that would be roped off and berricaded and reserved for the vehicles of the presidential party.

Er. William Cooper agreed to put his security personnel on the roof of the Harket Hall Duilding located across industrial Couleverd and north of the Trade Hart. He also agreed to place some of his personnel on the roof of the Furniture Mart located south of the Trade Mart. A police officer would be assigned on the roof of the Trade Mart Itself.

At this time we started on a tour of the building. Wr. Lesson requested two nen outside the entrance the President would use, two sen inside and one man on each stair landing of the four floors. He went throughout the ventire first and second floors pointing out where he wanted security officers stationed. Notes were taken and placed on the floor plans where he had requested security. (See attached floor plans.)

We then continued on through the hall on the route the President would take. Mr. Lewson pointed out the spots of locations at which he felt security officers were needed. This same procedure was followed over the entire first floor. Notes were taken by Stevenson of the locations for assignment of police officers.

When we reached the kitchen on the first floor, the problem of acreening the kitchen help was discussed. Arrangements with Mr. John S. Saich, the enterer, representing Crotty Food Service, Mr. Frantz H. Sherman, formerly with the City of Dallas, and Mr. Lesson were ends to occurs the outside door leading into the kitchen at 7500 a.m. One officer was to be placed outside the door and a second officer inside the kitchen. All employees entering the kitchen were to be identified before being admitted. All those who were in the kitchen at that time were to be cleared also. We also discussed identifying badges which would be worn by the kitchen help.

After completely covering the first floor, we went to the second floor and covered it, with Mr. Lawson laying out his plans as to where security officers would be meeded. Since the third and fourth floors were the same as the second floor in their physical layout, with the exception of one less corridor leading into the courtyard, Mr. Lawson stated he would need the same security measures deplicated on those floors as he had on the second floor. Batchelor instructed Stevenson to ascertain the master of personnel, both patrolmen and detectives, needed to preparly secure those positions. It was decided that Stevenson's command would extend to the securing of the outside entrances of the Trade Mart.

The only persons to be allowed in the building after 7:00 a.m. would be the occupants of the building and buyers. They would be excluded from the dining area and they would not be permitted to bring guests for the purpose of seeing the President at the luncheon. It was also discussed that as near as possible, the officers on the outside parking area would acroen the early perkers to limit parking to building occupants and buyers.

Battalion Chief Raymon Burrees agreed to furnish men and fire extinguishers to supplement fire prevention throughout the building.

Lumpkin returned to the Police Building for a previous appointment. The rest of the party had luncheon in the private dining room and left the Trade Mart about 1:30 p.m.

Upon returning to the Police Building, Batchelor recommended to Curry that Deputy Chief R. H. Lunday of the Traffic Division be placed in charge of traffic and security along the parade route, that Captain J. H. Souter be put in command of the crowd control and security around the outside of the Trade Mart, and that Batchelor coordinate these two operations. To this he agreed.

Tuesday afternoon, Neverber 19, 1963, Chief Curry informed Lumpkin that he would drive the pilot car some enembalf (1/2) mile shead of the President's party and keep them informed as to the condition of the route, the crowds, socidents, fires and snything else that might cause the presidential party to stop or place it in danger. Stevenson would assign two detectives to ride in the car with Lumpkin.

Chief Curry had already placed Stevenson in charge of the security of the Trade Hert, and Deputy Chief N. T. Fisher in charge of the security and crowd control at Love Field. Assistant Chief Satchelor than had a conference with Lunday and Captain P. W. Lawrence of the Traffic Division. The handsritten list of locations and number of men to be assigned was turned over to Lawrence, and he was instructed to make a detail sheet covering not only these assignments, but placing additional men in midblock and providing for a presidential metercade escent with men on either side of the motorcade, with five at the rear, four metercycles issued ately shead, and three metercycles to precede the metercade by about two brocks.

# WEIMERSDAY, TOVERDER 20, 1963

An appointment had been made for Deputy Chief N. T. Fisher and Assistant Chief Charles Batchelor to meet with Mr. Lawson and Mr. Sorrells on Mednesday afternoon, Nevember 20, 1963 to plan the security and crowd control at Love Field. This appointment was later cancelled with Chief J. E. Curry by Mr. Lawson because Air Force personnel had not arrived to check the location.

## DERSONY, NOVINDER 21, 1963

On Thursday, November 21, 1963, Chief J. E. Curry, Assistant Chief Charles Establer and Deputy Chief N. T. Fisher met with Mr. Lewson, Mr. Serralis and Mr. Grant of the Secret Service, and Mr. M. Howard Hegrady, Assistant Director of Love Field, at Love Field at 10:00 a.m. to finalize plane for the security of the field. We were told by Mr. Lewson that the Air Force had informed them that there was ample room at the location for the parking of the planes and the handling of the convoy of vehicles.

We went over all gates leading to the field from the Love Field Building Concourse and the fenced-in area. We examined the divided readway that led onto the field. This actually was two readways divided by a large grassy area about ICO feet in width, and was fer service vehicles to enter the field.

Mr. Lawson directed points at which he canted the roadway barricaded.

A certain portion of one of the roadways was set aside for the parking of vehicles of the members of the reception committee. Mr. Regrady agreed to take out a section of fence that currounded a large employees parking lot at the south end of the field in order that vehicles might be parked without bringing them down the roadway near the area where the presidential planes would arrive.

He also agreed to take out a section of fence immediately in front of the roadway that led to Ceder Springs in order that the presidential party could leave the field by following a readway along an interior fence and cut across directly onto Ceder Springs. This would avoid bringing the presidential party down a readway which would be used by the public. (See attached map.) During all of these arrangements, Fisher took notes of planes needing personnel, and barricades that would be needed.

by. Lawson pointed out to the group places at the gates where telephones would be installed for presidential use, and where the press could communicate. We also discussed plans for reping off an area for the press cutside the fence away from the crowd. This was to be arranged for by Love field.

Thursday morning, November 21, 1963, about 10:00 a.m., Deputy Chief D. W. Stevenson, accompanied by Captains J. C. Nichels, W. C. Fannin and D. A. Jones returned to the Trade Nart where they were met by Captains W. P. Cannasay and J. W. Fritz. The entire four floors of the building were

again covered, and each Captain was given responsibility of accurity on a floor, with Captain J. W. Fritz and Captain W. P. Garnassy assigned on the first floor, Captain Nichols on the second floor, Captain Fennin on the third floor and Captain Jones on the fourth floor.

Each point which had been pointed out by Nr. Lamen on our previous visits was also gone over with the Captains and pointed out to them. The Captains were charged with the responsibility of supervision of the patroleen and detectives working their respective floors with the exceptions of Fritz. He was specifically assigned to the erea immediately behind the head table where, with additional son, he would secure that position from any approach by unauthorized persons.

Radio Technician John Smith of Radio Station WTR stood by on Thursday, Nevember 21, and Friday, Nevember 22, in the Radio Room to make any necessary repairs to radio equipment that should be needed. John Smith and a representative from RCA Radio Repair Department Inspected police radio equipment prior to that, tuning it and making sure it was in good working order.

Tuesday, November 19, 1963, four walkie-talkiewradios were checked, tested and new batteries installed for use on Friday, November 22, at the Trade Nort.

A meeting was called on Thursday, November 21, 1963, at 3:00 p.m. by Chief J. L. Curry in the Police Conference Room. Present at this meeting were Chief of Police J. E. Curry, Assistant Chief Charles Establior, Deputy Chiefs G. L. Lumpkin, M. W. Stovenson, R. H. Lumbay and N. T. Fisher, Captains J. M. Souter, W. P. Carnaway, P. W. Lawrence, G. D. King, Inspector J. H. Sawyer, Mr. Forrest Sorrelle, Mr. Dave Grent and Mr. Lawson, Secret Sorvice. This meeting was for the purpose of discussing and coordinating the entire operational plan concerning the President's visit to Dallas.

At this time Curry arrounced that Batchelor would coordinate this operation between the various elements and agencies to be used. Curry stated that Stevenson was charged with the responsibility of security within the Trade Eart proper, including the guards on exterior doors. Fisher was charged with security and crowd control at Love Field Air Terminal. Lunday was charged with traffic control on the entire route.

Curry restated the route that the presidential party would take to the Trade Mart from the American Air Lines Freight Duilding near Cate 20, off the field, out the service road to Codar Springs, Codar Springs to Mockingbird Lane, Mockingbird Lane to Turtle Creek, Turtle Creek to

Coder Springs, Coder Springs to Harwood, Harwood to Main, Main to Houston, Houston to Elm, Elm to Stormons Expressively, Stormons Expressively to the survice road at Industrial, thomas to Industrial entering the Industrial Equipment side of the Trade Mert perking area.

Curry stated that the presidential party would depart at approximately 2:00 p.m. from the Trade Hart, from the parking let on the industrial side of the Trade Hart, to industrial, industrial to Harry Hines Boulevard, Harry Hines Boulevard to Hockingbird Lane, Mackingbird Lane to Goder Springs, Coder Springs to the first service read north of the Resade Inn and back to the vicinity of Cate 20 at the American Air Lines Freight Building where the precidential planes would be perked prior to departure. Mr. Laneson varified the routes as set out by Chief Curry.

Curry stated that Deputy Chief G. L. Lumpkin would precede the motorcade by several minutes in the pilot core lire Lasson than pave the order of vehicles in the President's matercode, and Assistant Chief Charles Datchefor erote than on the bladdoord so that the entire group could see than-This was as follows: pilot car, some one-fourth (1/4) mile should of the motorcade. The motorcade load car containing Chief J. E. Curry, Sheriff Bill Ducker and Secret Service Agents. The President's car, a Secret Service Cor. The Vice-President's cor, a Secret Service cor. A cor designated as Car No. 1 with Mayor Cabell, Mrs. Cabell, Congression Roberts. A telephone company car. A Chevrolet Convertible corrying photographers, a Chevrolat Convertible corrying comera mon, a Chevrolet Convertible with press representatives. A car designated as Car No. 2 with four (4) Congression in it. A car designated on Car No. 3 with Congression in it. A cor designated on Car No. 4 with Compression in it. A bus with the official party, two buses with White House press representatives, a Pontine autombile with the United States Signal Corps, a Western Union cor, two extra core to be used in cose of a treakdown and and the rear police vehicle.

After Nr. Lawson had completed this line up, Stevenson stated that he had planned for a cor behind the Vice-President. At this point Curry atted that "I thought we had planned that Captain Fritz would be in the motorcade behind the Vice-President's car," at which time Nr. Servalls said, "No, nothing was discussed on that." Nr. Lawson spoke up and said, "Nr. Johnson will have the Secret Service Agents assigned to him following the Vice-President's car." Nr. Lawson then said, "No would like to have a police car bring up the rear of the motorcade," to which Luxpkin remarked, "No can assign Captain Fritz and some detectives to bring up the rear." Nr. Lawson stated, "No would like to have a marked or white police car with flashing red lights and uniformed officers to bring up

the reer of the motorcade." Curry then instructed Lunday to arrange for a white traffic car to bring up the rear of the motorcade.

Lawrence was asked to cutline the arrangement of the motorcycles for the motorcade, and Eatchelor wrote them on the blackboard. Lawrence stated that there would be a motorcycle Sergeant and two (2) motorcycle officers between the motorcade and the pilot car for the purpose of making the officers on the route aware of the advance of the motorcade, and to assist in any traffic control or security measures that might be present. A motorcycle Sergeant a four (4) motorcycle officers would immediately precede the lead car.

At this point, the advisability of five (5) motorcycles in front was questioned. Establish suggested that we lay out the complete motorcycle arrangement and then either delete or add as we thought proper.

Lawrence then ead there would be four (+) motorcycles on either side of the motorcade immediately to the rear of the President's vehicle. From Lawren stated that this was too many, that he thought two (2) motorcycles on either side would be sufficient, about even with the rear funder of the President's care. Lawrence was instructed to disperse the other two slong each side of the motorcade to the rear.

The motorcade was to be followed by two metercycles. It was explained that in order to hold traffic back on Stemman Expressively to let the motorcade proceed without any vehicles passing it, it would be necessary for five (5) motorcycles, toward the end of the route, to proceed shead, out the five lanes of Expressively traffic and hold it until the motorcade get on the Expressively. They were then to follow the motorcade to the rear to allow the traffic to proceed at the same speed.

Lawrence further explained that he had arranged for three-sheel motorcycles which were ensigned along Lemon Avenue at the beginning of the
route to pick up officers and proceed immediately after the motorcade
had passed to Stommons Copressory and be prepared to cut traffic at all
entrances when the motorcade entered the Copressory. Additional men
from along the beginning of the route were also to be moved to the Trade
than to assist with crowd control.

Mr. Lasson than showed us the invitation that would admit guests to the luncheon, the various identifying tags that the press and staff would wear, and the various pins that the Secret Service and White House staff would wear. He gave us a gard showing the buttons and badges in colors.

STEVENSON EXHIBIT No. 5053—Continued

In the doubles of few right 21, 1 %, therein right too will be prophenished that the doubles of the doubles of

Stevenson advised him that he would have seventy (70) plaintlethes sen-Ur. Lawson stated that he probably did not have sufficient buttons for that many, if he did not have, those assigned in the immediate vicinity of the President should wear these identification buttons in order that Secret Service and other members of the President's party could recognize them as officers.

Er. Lesson requested two plain cars with drivers to most Service Agents who would arrive at Love Field a few minutes prior to the presidential party, and transport them immediately to the Trade Mart so that they could arrive well should of the President. (This was provided by Stevenson.) Mr. Lesson also requested notorcycle escorts for two trucks to carry peraphernalia and the Presidential Seal from the planes to the Trade Mart.

Lumpkin pointed out that the police vehicles in the materials would operate on the Chernal II radio, and that he would have Souter at the Trads Wart notified when the motorcade reached deeptoon Ballas.

Batchelor amounced that telephone extension 357, the Public Morke Department, had informed him that they would have a Public Works truck and a supervisor in a car with a radio for the purpose of moving any obstructions along the route or in aiding in any way they could.

Lawrence amounced that he had arranged with the railreads crossing the presidential route that they would not have trains crossing at the time of the President's passing.

On Wednesday, flowerbor 2D, 1963, after Chief Curry had been advised of what would be needed at the Trade Wart by Stevenson, he contacted Major Guy Smith of the Department of Public Safety and Mr. J. E. Decker, Sheriff of Dallas County, about furnishing some personnel. Major Guy Smith agreed to furnish approximately 5D men and Sheriff Dacker agreed to furnish approximately 15 men, which were to be assigned to Stevenson.

On Thursday, Newaster 21, 1963, shortly after the meeting called by Chief J. L. Curry in the Police Conference Reem, Mrs. Snow called from the Trade Mart and exiced for two embulences to stand by on the Industrial Boulevard side of the Trade Mart. Dudley highes Funeral Home was contacted and arrangements made for saturance. (One subulence reported directly to the Trade Mart around 10:00 a.m., and one emergency embulence reported to Cate 26 at Love Field to stand by in case of an emergency during the arrival of the presidential party. Upon the arrival, the embulance left Love Field and reported directly to the Trade Mart to stand by as a excound embulance.)

Later, Chief Curry inferend Lumpkin that Secret Service men would bring the President's cer and another cer to the beaccent of the City Hall, they were to be placed in the southeast corner of the parking area and a police guard placed on them to prevent anyone from tempering with the cars. This guard was to be left on continuously until the cars were picked up by Secret Service men Friday morning. Lumpkin instructed Lt. B. L. Bailey to provide this guard in the basement. Lumpkin checked with Bailey about 6:30 p.m. Cailey stated that Mr. Serrells, Secret Service, had called him and stated there had been some delay in the unloading of the presidential cars, and that they were being placed in the parking area in the basement of the Love Field Air Terminal. He requested bailey to send the guard to Love Field. A guard was sent to Love Field and kept on continuously until taken over by the Secret Service Agents.

On the evening of November 21, 1963, Lumpkin rode the entire presidential route, checking radio communications on Channel II. Reception was especially good at that time.

## FRIDAY, NOVINEER 22, 1963

The morning was cloudy and drizzling rain with heavy overcast. The rain stopped and the clouds broke away about 9130 a.m. The rest of the day was clear and bright.

Deputy Chief N. W. Stevenson reported to the Trade Mert at 7:00 a.m. on Friday, November 22, 1963. Seventeen (17) patrol officers reported to Stevenson at that time. These men were used to seal off areas which Mr. Lesson had requested in the early security survey. Men were placed in-aids the kitchen, a men on the kitchen door, non were placed on each of the outside doors, on the roof and on the door which the President would enter and on the stairway nearby.

when those men reported, Stevenson took each man to his post of assignment, and there instructed the men assigned to the outside doors that no one would be permitted to enter unless they had the proper badge or identification, that more of the tenants in the building would be permitted to enter the outside doors, that they would be required to enter the building through the front door so that they could be acreened. Stevenson also placed one man on the inside of the freight area. The men assigned in the kitchen area were instructed to permit no one to enter the kitchen area until they had been identified by the caterer, Mr. Saich, or his representative.

One men was placed at the receptionist's desk in the front lebby to essist in checking and screening people who entered the building from the front door. The officer assigned in the freight area was instructed that no one would leave the freight area proper and enter the court yard unless properly identified by the maintenance manager or was wearing a maintenance tadge.

At 9 00 a.m., Captains W. C. Fernin, O. A. Jones, J. G. Nichols and W. P. Dersussey reported to Stavonson at the Trade Hert. They were essigned, as officers in charge, as follows: Cannaway to the first floor, Nichols to the second floor, Fennin to the third floor and Jones to the fourth floor.

At approximately 9:30 a.m., four (+) supervisors and fifty (50) patrolmen from the Dallas Police Department reported to Stevenson at the Trade Wart for assignment. These men were assigned by the Captain who had been given the responsibility of securing the various points on the four floors.

At approximately 9:35 a.m., fifty-six (55) detectives and five (5) supervisory officers reported to Stavenson at the Trade Bert for security assignments.

At approximately 9/45 a.m., eleven (11) patrolmen, one (1) captain and one (1) sergeent from the Dallas Sheriff's Office reported to Stovenson at the Trade Wart for security assignments. All of these men were assigned under the Captains in charge of the respective floors. The heaviest concentration of officers was assigned to the more vulnerable spots on the first and second floors.

Mr. Lawson had informed us that members of the Secret Service would be nessigned posts immediately in front of the head table, that no local security officers would be required in that particular area. He did request that we assign officers to the rear of the head table, in the sisted and on the ropes on each side. These assignments were made as requested. Mr. Lawson also acked Stevenson if we had non who were familiar with explosives and the handling of explosives to search the head table at approximately 11:00 a.m. and seal it off. Stevenson advised him that we did, that Captain Fritz, an experienced officer, would be assigned in the vicinity of the head table, that Garmanny was an experienced officer and would also be assigned on the first floor, that we would search the head table. This was done as requested under the direction of Captain Fritz, who was assigned in the area immediately behind the head table, and was done in the presence of Secret Service Agents.

Lt. Jack Rovill, head of the Fallas Police Intelligence Section, and two (2) of his men were assigned in the front lobby of the Trade Mart just inside the door. The purpose of this assignment was to observe each individual who entered the building, and if there was any possibility anyons entering should be someone they believed to be in their subversive files, they would survey and check them further. A tenant of the Trade Mart was observed by Detective Roy Westphal to have a small Cohen fing in his cost pocket. Westphal and Revill talked with this individual. Stevenson talked with him a little later in the presence of Westphal. At this time he stated he was enti-Castro. Stevenson instructed him that under a City Ordinance, he would not be permitted to display the flag in any manner as it could be interpreted and would be interpreted as intimidating or embarrassing the President or anyone making a public appearance or a public appearance or a

At 7:00 a.m. Friday, November 22, Captain J. N. Sauter reported to the Trade Wart to take commend and make assignments of the cutside area including the parking lots and the area to be secured for the presidential metor-

At this sees hour, one (1) Lieutenent, three (3) Sergeants and seventeen (17) non-free the Patral Division, and one (1) three-sheel notorcycle Sergeant and five (5) three-sheel notorcycle officers from the Traffic Division reported. Souter directed that burricades be placed seroes the driveways at both the east and west ends of the north parking area of the Trade Bart, and that rope be strong along the sid-walk area isolating the parking from the public. He also assigned efficers to each of the entrances to the parking area along Starrons Service Road and Industrial Boulevard for the purpose of screening persons entering to park. His instructions were that only tenents and buyers were to be allowed to enter as the space was to be received for the later arrival of guests to the lundwone.

He dispersed the rest of the assignments eround the perimeter of the north perking area to be secured for the presidential actordade. It was discovered that temporary "No forking" signs which had been placed along both sides of Industrial Souleverd and the Steamens Service Read the night before had been removed by unknown persons. The perking sign detail of the Traffic Division was notified and they replaced the signs.

At 9:00 a.m., twenty-nine (29) additional seen and three (3) Sergeants from the Patrol Division plus one (1) Sale Metercycle Sergeant and two (2) setercycle officers from the Traffic Division reported for assignment. These men were assigned in the interior of the parking areas to direct traffic through the various lanes and Islands. From this group sees were assigned to reinforce the number occurring the north parking area. They were also assigned across industrial Sculeverd to contain the spectators on the opposite side of the street from the Trade Mert.

No one was allowed to stand on the worth wide of industrial Bouleverd or along the Stemman Service Boad most to the north parking area. Those men who were assigned near the north ober of the Trade Cart where the President would enter were given special instructions about the entry of the free sent upon his arrival and about the containment of the press behind burricades which had been put in place at the door. He one would be allowed through this door except the presidential party and his excurity.

A three-whool notorcycle officer was stationed at industrial Soulevard and Nines for the purpose of stopping all west-bound traffic immediately prior to the approach of the presidential neterosds. Neo (2) officers were stationed at the Stammons East Service Read and industrial Devieward to stop all east-bound traffic on industrial and to move out any north-bound traffic on East Stammons Service Read. Neo (2) other matercycle officers were alletted the mission of significances by preventing traffic

on Cak Lean from entering the Cast Service Road of Stermons Expressions from Cak Lean. Another officer was assigned the mission of preventing the traffic from entering the Cast Service Road from Stermons Expressions per r the north-bound Industrial exit.

Setchelor serived at the Trade Wart at about 9:30 a.m. At this time the rain had stopped. Upon arrival, he checked with Souter to determine if assignments had been carried out according to plan.

He discovered that the barricades ecross the driveways at the east and west and of the north parking lot did not extend to the corners of the building. The barricades were rearranged to completely isolate the area from both vehicles and podestrians by extending the barricades from the building corner to the roped area at each end.

He also had the barricades for the press at the deermay rearranged to contain the press to one side of the door only, as had been suggested by Ur. Lasson of the Secret Service.

Souter's cer was parked in the head-in parking area immediately west of the doorway where the President was to enter. A patrolean was assigned to the cer to listen to the radio on Channel II. Batchelor parked his car immediately to the right of this vehicle and put his radio on Channel I. He turned the volume up so that the officer assigned to Souter's cer could hear both channels.

He obtained a three-wheel metercycle and made an inspection of the entire parking area to see the placement of men. He also conferred with Stevenson in the Trade Mart in the overall occurity of the building.

At about 12 noon, a few press photographers (no more than four or five) errived and took their places behind the barricades. Because of a canopy which extended over the door, they objected that they could not get a good view of the President and the barricades, which were on the curb line, were moved about two feet into the street to allow them to stop down and get below the canopy to take their pictures.

Those photographers were not members of the presidential press staff. They asked if they could follow the President in upon his arrival and were instructed to go to the front door for entrance. No objection was voiced.

From about 9:30 a.m. to 12 noon, persons, including tenants and guists, who had parked on the cast side of the building were allowed to cross the

secured parking let to get to the front door. At about 12 meen, the officers marning the harricade at the east and of the building were instructed to let no more pedestrians pass.

At this time some of the officers who had been assigned in the interior of the parking area were reassigned to the north parking let for accurity. A crowd of spectators about four (4) deep had assembled along the barricade which ran from the northwest corner of the building to Stammons Service Read.

Around 11:30 a.m., a ran came to the front area of the building and began to distribute small placards on sticke which read, "Furray for President Kernedy". Upon observation, it was noted that this man was celling these placards on the property of the Trade Mert. He was contacted by Sergeant Swa Varner upon the instructions of Eatchelor and told that he could not sall placards on the property. About this time, there were also two (2) men who showed up carrying placards which were enti-Kennedy in nature. They were on the property of the Trade Mart. Mr. William Cooper, Manager of the Trade Mart, objected to them being on his property and Eatchelor went with Mr. Cooper and contacted these men. Mr. Cooper teld them they could not carry the placards on their private property. Batchelor advised them that they must get on public property or they would be trespassing. They left the property and went across the street on industrial Boulovard. Later, when it had been announced on the radio that the President had been shot, these men and three others get into an argument with spectators across the street. They all were arrested and taken to jail. These sen were William Lae Cummings, age 17, 202 Waldon Dr.; Gary Dwayne Joiner, 202 Waldrum, age 17; Bobby Savelle Joiner, 1725 Armstead, Orand Prairie, age 31; Roy Eugens Joiner, 2413 Christopher, Grand Prairie, age 17. These sen were arrested by Officers T. T. Wardlaw and M. H. Brusley and charged with Investigation Conspiracy to Commit a Felenyt To Wit Murder, which charge was changed to Trespassing.

Personnel assigned to the parade reported at 9:30 a.m. in the Assembly Room at Police Headquarters. This operation was under the commend of Deputy Chief R. H. Lunday, aided by inspector J. H. Sasyer and Captain P. H. Lawrence. The detail was one hundred sixty-eight (168) man composed of one hundred nine (169) Pallas Police supervisors and patrolmen, fifteen (15) detectives, eighteen (16) metercycle officers for the presidential escort and twenty-eix (26) Dallas Police Reservists. Additionally, at 7:00 a.m., a three-wheel metercycle Sargeant and four (4) three-wheel metercycle officers had reported for the purpose of placing "No Parking" mighs at assessary areas along the routs. All signalized intersections,

railroad overpasses and traffic overpasses had sen assigned according to plan. The twenty-aix (35) reservists, five (5) patroleen and fifteen (15) detectives were assigned to patrol mid-block for excurity. Thirty-light (35) officers, among which were three-whoel motorcycle officers and officers having cars the were assigned to the parade route from Bookingbird Lone and Codar Springs to Pacific and Harwood, had assignments to report to the Trade Mart issuadiately after the motorcade had passed. This was for the purpose of containing what was expected to be large crowds of people along the bank of Stemmens Freeway Services Road and Industrial Boulevard. These same officers had third assignments after the luncheon at the Trade Mart along Hines and Mockingbird Lane which was the return route to Love Field.

About 9:30 a.m., November 22, 1983, Deputy Chief G. L. Lumpkin, joined by Panicids Detectives F. W. Turner and B. L. Sankel and tt. Colonel George Whitmayer, U. S. Army, Dallas Sub-eaction Commander, proceeded to Love Field over the route, as pilot car, to be taken by the President on the return trip. At this time, Detectives Sankel and Turner and Colonel Whitmayer were told that our mission would be to travel the motorcade route from Love Field to the Trade Mart. They were instructed we would travel approximately one-fourth (1/4) mile chead of the metercade, and that we would be alort for motor vehicle accidents, fires and obstructions along the route. We would be detrimental to the main party.

We would observe buildings and other points as security measures and chould enything arise that, in our opinion, might cause the metercade to be stopped or to be placed in danger, it was to be immediately radied by Charmel II to the lead our complete by Chief J. E. Curry, Sheriff J. E. Docker and two Secret Service agents.

Upon arrival at Cate 28 at Love Field, we found a crowd of several thousand people congregated behind a chain link fence separating the field proper from the service entrances. We found that there had been an area roped off outside of the fonce where a number of newspaper photographers had congregated.

We contacted Mr. Forrest Sorrells and Mr. Lasson and were introduced to Mr. Jack Putervaugh, a masher of the White House Staff, when Mr. Lasson had requested to ride in the pilot car. About this time, the Vice-President's planes landed and taxied into position in front of Cate 20. A few minutes later, the presidential plane landed and taxied into position in the vicinity of Gate 20. The presidential party alighted and, at that time, Lumpkin instructed Turner to ride in the right front exat where he

could observe from the right front of the car, Datactive Sankel to ride in the left rear east to observe from the left rear of the car. White House Staff Member Putervaugh was scated in the right rear seat to assist in the observations, and Lieutenant Colonel Whitneyer in the center in the rear seat to observe. At this time, we moved the pilot car to the field exit nearest Codar Springs, and evaluated word from Chief J. E. Curry that the precidential party had started moving out. Upon receiving word from Chief Curry that the motorcade was moving at about 15 MPH, we proceeded to keep a distance of about one-fourth (1/4) mile or about 3 minutes about of the motorcade.

Upon reaching Wockingbird Lans, we radiod for a motorcycle as there was a slight traffic congestion, which was cleared up. We proceeded Mocking-bird Lans to Lemmon Avenue. At Lemmon Avenue and Makon, we radiod that we needed a traffic man to work the signal light, and requested a motorcycle. We reported that there was quite a crowd along the streets and all seemed to be well behaved.

We proceeded Lemmon Avenue to Turtle Creek. The crewd increased considerably. This information was radied to the lead car. Then from Turtle Creek to Cedar Springs, Cedar Springs to Harwood, where all parking had been removed from the atrests and the censiderable crewd was very orderly. Harwood Street to Main Street. At this time we were maintaining about 3 minutes ahead of the metercade. The crewd was increasing considerably along Main Street, but at this time were standing well back on the curb. We saw nothing that would indicate any disturbance.

Deputy Chief G. L. Lumpkin turned Main Street to Houston Street, stopped momentarily at the corner of Houston and Elm Street and notified the man working traffic at that corner that the motorcade was about 2 or 3 minutes behind us.

We proceeded to Elm Street, to Stemmens Expressessy. There were cars parked on the shoulder on Stemmens Expressesy and some speciators. Mr. Putervaugh remarked that the metercade was 2 or 3 minutes behind time, but staying on schedule remarkably well.

About halfway to the Trade Hart on Stemmons Expresency, at 12:31 p.m., Chief J. E. Curry transmitted on Channel II, "Go to the hospital, Parkland Hospital, have them to stand by". "Got a man on top of the overpass and see what happened up there." Radio traffic was heavy at this point. We slowed the pilot car down in preparation of taking whatever action was downed nocessary by the Chief.

We then translated that it was thought the President had been shot.

Lurpkin select instructions of Chief Curry in the lead car, and Curry instructed Lurpkin to meet him at Parkland Hospital. Lurpkin proceeded to Parkland Hospital with the motorcycle escort, with the President's, Vice-President's and several other cars of the motorcade at a Code 3 second.

Upon arrival at the heapital, it was observed the President was being taken from the car and into the heapital. At that time, Lumpkin suggested to Chief Curry that he take the hemicide Detectives back to ilm and Houston Streets from where it was thought that the shots were fired at the President and the Governor from the Taxas School Book Depository, a seven-story building located on the northwest corner of ilm and Houston Streets.

Upon arrival at the Texas School Book Depository, we found that Inspector J. H. Semyor was in front of the building and, with assistance from other officers, was in the process of detaining everyone who had any knowledge whatsoever of the sheeting. This was discussed with Semyor. We decided that we would get all persons in that category every from the cross by sending them to the Sheriff's Office at Main and Houston to be held for further interrogation. Homicide Detective F. M. Turner was cent to the Sheriff's Office to represent the Homicide and Robbery Bureau of the Dallas Police Department in interrogating these witnesses. Detective B.L. Senkel was released back to Captain Fritz to assist in the investigation.

Sawyer had placed guards on the building to provent snyone from going in or coming out. Sawyer organized a detail to check all persons in automobiles on the parking lot surrounding the Texas School Cook Depository Duilding, taking their names, telephone numbers, addresses, and place of employment, and later on in the afternoon these vehicles that were not taken out were checked for license number. Several members of the United States Alcohol Tax Unit assisted in the search.

At that time Lumpkin entered the building and instructed that it be completely scaled off, that no one be allowed to leave or enter. Lieutenant Lrich Kaminski was placed on the inner door of the building, and Lieutenant Jack Reviil, together with Detective H. H. Davis, Jr. and Detective Tompk Tompkins and several other detectives, were instructed to clear the building of employees by office, and floor by floor.

As each office and floor was cleared, the employees were stopped by Kamineki and Mr. Truly, manager of the firm, at the front door where

their names, addresses and telephone masters were written down, and they were identified by Mr. Truly as to their employment. As these employees were taken from their place of work, the area was searched by Revill's group and locked up, if the area could be locked.

Uniformed men were posted on the stairways and elevators to allow no one, with the exception of police officers, to pass. A few minutes after arrival at the building, Mr. Truly, building emager, went to Lumpkin and stated that he had some information that one of his employees that had been there until a few minutes earlier was now missing. Lumpkin took Mr. Truly to the sixth floor where he introduced him to Fritz, Momicide and Robbery Bureau. Mr. Truly related his story to Fritz.

As the building was cleared, it was determined by Fritz and several Homicide detectives that the shots were fired from a window on the southeast corner of the eight floor, where three cartridge cases were found. Lumpkin then instructed Revill to organize his team against the east wall of the building on the sixth floor and make a systematic search from east to west, checking all boxes, crates, books, etc. A member of Revill's searching party, before completion of the search, found the rifle that was thought to have been used.

Dalles Police Department Crime Scene Search detail under Licutement Carl Day and Detective R. L. Stud:baker arrived shortly and began processing the building for evidence. It was not known at this time whether or not the person firing the shots was hiding in the building or had escaped.

After the Crime Scene cree had taken over on the sixth floor, Lumpkin inatructed Lieutenant J. F. Dyson to organize a search cree and begin on the roof with the aid of firements ladders and lights, making a complete and systematic search from the roof to the basement, posting a man on each floor after the search was completed to let no one back in except police officers.

Lumpkin instructed Revill to organize a search group, begin his search in the basement and search to the roof. Both search groups went over each other's area twice. It was escentained that no suspect was hiding in the building.

Pierce Allman, Channel 8 photographer, had gotten into the building prior to our scaling it off and was allosed to stay. He did not get in the way and was very cooperative with the officers conducting the search. All other persons, including the proce, was kept outside the building until

the complete systematic search was sade for the suspect and until a search had been sade for physical evidence.

At about 2245 p.m., these searches were completed, however, the Crime Scene Search Section, Lieutement Carl Day, Detective R. L. Studdaker and Dutective J. H. Hicks, had several more hours of work in the building. At this time, Lumpkin had the news and press men assembled in one group on the outside of the building. They were accompanied by two police officers to the sixth floor, kept outside of a line where the Crime Scene Search was dusting for fingerprints, and allowed to take pictures. Lumpkin then had the police escent the newsmen back to the first floor where they interviewed Mr. Truly briefly, and escented outside the building and the building was looked. No other requests were granted at that time. Guarda were placed on all entrances of the building.

At that time, Lumpkin released all traffic and radio patrolmen guarding around the building, with the exception of the guards on the doors. Somyer and Lumpkin returned to folice Headquarters.

At approximately 12:35 p.m., Deputy Chief M. W. Stevenson, who was at the Trade Wart, was advised by Captain J. W. Souter and Dave Grant, Secret Service Agent, that the President had been hit. Stevenson asked where it occurred and they said near the Triple Underpass on Elm Strot, and that they were enroute to Parkland Hospital with the President. Stevenson immediately notified Captain J. W. Fritz, Homicide Eureau, and two Homicide detectives, relieved them of their assignment and placed Fritz in charge of the investigation.

As soon as possible, Stevenson released fourteen (14) other detectives and supervisory personnel of the detectives office, instructed them to notify headquarters that they were on the air ready for assignments, and if not otherwise instructed from headquarters, to report to his and Houston Streets to asist in the search of the building, as it was reported at that time there was a possibility the suspect was still in the building.

As soon as it was determined definitely that the presidential party would not arrive at the Trade Mart, the ennouncement was made by Mr. Frich Johnson and the crowd began an orderly exit from the building. Stevenson contacted the Captains in charge on the various floors, instructing them to release security personnel under their command to report for duty, and to retain only what was necessary to assist in the orderly exit from the building of the crowd.

After the guesta had exited from the Trade Hert, Stevenson and Batchelor desided to go to Parkland Hospital to check on the situation. They were approached by Dr. Luther Nelcorb, Executive Secretary of the Greater Bail a Council of Churches, who stated he was a personal friend of Governor Connelly and his family and, if possible, he would like to go to the hospital and contact the family to do what he could to render spiritual comfort. Dr. Helcorb accompanied Batchelor and Stevenson to the hospital.

Upon the arrival of Batchelor and Stevenson at the hospital, they found that Wr. Lasson of the Secret Service had arranged a convoy of people from the White House Staff and White House press to accompany the body of the President to Love Field. He had a metercycle escort, but had no radio communication in the event of difficulty on the way. He asked if Batchelor and Stevenson would take him and lead the care to Love Field. They agreed to do this.

Br. Lesson and a member of the White House Staff rode in the car with Batchelor and Stevenson. Enroute to Love Field, Mr. Lesson became concerned because a bus which was supposed to contain members of the Shite House press did not leave with the group. Batchelor radiod a motorcycle officer who was at the rear of the cars to return to the hospital and essait the departure of the bus.

The group arrived at Love Field where the President's body was placed ateard the plane by members of the Secret Service. Batchelor and Stevenson were advised at this time that Federal District Judge Sarah T. Hughes was on her way to Love Field to administer the cath of office to President Johnson. Arrangements were made for her admission to the field, with officers securing the drivenay.

Batchelor and Stovenson left the field after the departure of the presidential plane. They returned to Parkland Hospital to survey the situation and to see if any further assistance or security was needed. They found the first floor of the hospital emergency area normal and no further emergency measures needed. The State Police had taken over the security of Governor Connelly who was still in the hospital.

Before Batchelor and Stevenson left the Trade Wart, they were advised that Police Officer J. D. Tippit, in attempting to question a suspect in the 400 block of East Tenth Street a short time after the President had been shot, had been slain, and that a suspect had been arrested and was in custody. This was verified by Stevenson by radio. Batchelor and Stevenson roturned to Police Headquerters, arriving at about 430 p.m.

When they arrived at the City Hall, Stevenson went directly to the Hemi-cide Eurecu where he was advised that the suspect arrested in the slaying of Officer Tippit had been definitely identified as the one who had

All bureaus of the Criminal Investigation Division were instructed to remain on duty to aid in any phase of the investigation in which there are plateen had been also platoon had been called back for security for the various phases of the President's visit. After they had been relieved from these assignments, they reported to the Police Headquerters and relieved the second piatoon of their normal assignments. The second plateen headquarters section and second plateon traffic plus available reserviste reported to the Police Assembly Room for additional accignments.

When Batchelor and Stovenson arrived at Police Meadquarters, it was noted that two (2) television comerce were set up in the hallway of Police Headquarters on the third floor and a large number of members of the press were propent. There were two patrolmen and one sergeant who had been assigned in the hallway for order and accurity.

Eatcholor noted a number of unauthorized people in the hallway, mostly city exployees who apparently were there out of curiosity. He instructed the Sergeant to obtain more men from the pool and to remove persons who had no business on the floor. They were instructed to secure the elevator entrances and stairway entrance and to allow only authorized personnel to enter the floor. Two (2) uniformed officers were also assigned at the doorway of the Homicide Bureau to hold back members of the press for the entrance and exit of witnesses.

Stevenson remained on duty at Headquarters and in close touch with the investigation as it was conducted. At appreximately 7000 p.m., charges were filed equinat Las H. Canald for the surder of Police Officer J. D. These charges were filed with a representative of the District Tippit. These charges were filed with a representative of the District Attorney's Office (ir. Bill Alexander). Justice of the Peace David Johnson errained Oswald on the charge.

Shortly before midnight, Stevenson was advised by Hosicide officers that sufficient evidence had been gathered that it was determined that Camald was also responsible for the slaying of President Kennedy, that the evidence had been reviewed by District Attorney Henry Wade and Assistant

Distr of Attorney Bill Alexander and charges were being preferred against Cawald in the death of President Kennedy. A short time after charges were filed, Cawald was taken to the Assembly Room in the basement of the Police Building for a showup. Justice of the Ponce David Johnson arrained Cowald at 1:35 a.m., November 23, 1963, in the Identification Europu of the Police Department. Cawald was remanded without bond.

Prior to this time, Camald had been shown up several times to witnesses who placed him in the building at the time the President was slain, and also to witnesses as the slayer of Officer Tippit. After the arrainment of Camald, he was returned to the City Jail under guard where he remained for the night.

On November 22, 1963, Lumpkin, upon returning to Police Headquarters, between 3:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m., instructed the Identification Bureau, Crime Scene Search Section, to start work immediately on the Crime Scene Search scale ekatch of both the erea of Officer Tippit's marder and the shooting of the President. They were also instructed that persons seeking information would be referred to Captain King's office, and that the door of the Identification Eureau would be kept locked and all persons would be kept out except those officers on official duty so as not to interfere with the collection of evidence in these two cases.

The Platoen Lieutenant was instructed that there would be no reporters or photographers within the City Jail proper and the suspect, Lee Cowald, would be kept in a maximum ascurity cell in F Block on the fifth floor with a police guard on the cutside of the cell apposite the door, without any other prisoner in the vicinity of him, and that he would be atripped searched when brought up by the Hamicide and Robbery officers. His belt and other items which he might use to do harm to himself would be taken.

It was suggested and granted that persons requesting permission to visit in the City dail not be sent to the Criminal Investigation Division for passes, but that permission to visit be secured by telephone and the passes be written out in the Jail Office, sending the vicitor directly to the fourth floor. This was to keep the public from the third floor during the investigation of Lee Ossald.

Captain George Doughty was also instructed to keep what personnel on duty as was necessary in the Crimo Seans Search Section and the Identification Section to process evidence being brought in by the Criminal Investigation

Division. He was further instructed that the evidence would not be discussed with anyone except officers working on the case without permission from the chief officer.

The remainder of the evening, until 3:00 a.m., Nevember 23, 1963, when Lumpkin closed his office to go home, was spent in rendering any assistance possible from a service standpoint.

Facilities of this department and the administrative offices were made available to the Secret Service and F.B.I. Agents. They remained on duty in Eatchelor's office, leaving at approximately 3th0 a.m. Stevenson remained on duty at headquarters throughout the night with the detectives standing by to follow up or to check any information which might be received in connection with the assassination of President Kennady or alaying of Officer Tippit. He left headquarters at approximately 12:35 p.m. on the 23rd. of November and returned at approximately 7:00 p.m. on November 23rd.

# SATIRDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1963

At approximately 2:60 a.m., Saturday, November 23, 1963, portional physical cylchone in the case involving Casald and the elaying of President K mody was turned over to Dr. Vince Drain of the Federal Europe of Investigation to be delivered in person to the FeB.1. Laboratory in Machington, D. C. for processing.

Assistant Chief Charles Catchelor remained on duty until 3:00 a.m. to render chatever assistance he could in the investigation of the elaying of Carald and the slaying of Officer Tippit.

Carly Saturday morning, Howesber 23, 1963, the investigation was continued through the interrogation of witnesses and the collection of evidence within the Hemicide Curons.

Deputy Chief G. L. Lumpkin arrived at the office around 8:30 c.m. on Nevember 23, checked with Captain George Doughty of the Identification Dureau, and instructed him to keep what men he needed processing photographs and sketching the evidence of Les Camald case. He also checked with the Platoon Commander to assortain the proper assurity measures being taken in the joil and jail office, and to receive any reports of any nature involving the prisoner during the night.

He checked the Dispatcher's Office to accertain whether or not they had enough personnel on duty to handle the great influx of telephone calls. He then remained on duty to be available for any assistance or assignment requested by the Chief of Pelice. He carried on such normal inventigative duties as was necessary.

After checking the encurity of the prisoner in the jail with the Platoon Commender, Lampkin went home about 9:30 pure.

Saturday, November 23, 1963, Assistant Chief Charles Batchelor reported to headquarters at about 8:30 a.s. to aid in normal administrative duties and to be available for mintowar assignments nore given his by Chief Curry. Batchelor remained on duty until about 9:30 p.m.

## SIDAY, NEWTON R 24, 1953

Sunday, November 2+, 1963, Assistant Chief Cherles Batchelor was called at his horse about 6:30 a.e. by Captain C. E. Talbert, and informed that a threat had been received to the effect that "about KO men were going to take the prisoner Capald and they did not want any policemen to be hart".

Entcholor instructed Talbert to inform Chief d. C. Curry. Curry, Catchelor and Deputy Chief M. W. Stevenson arrived at the Police Headquarters around \$200 a.m. or shortly after.

As Datchelor and Stevenson case from the beament of the Police Building, they noted a television camera on the left hand side of the areasay entrance to the beament of the Police Building.

About 60/5 a.m., Curry, Catchelor and Stevenson met in the beament to survey excurity moods. The attendents of the television concres were instructed they would have to move the comerce across the beament driveway. The comerce were moved. Lieutenent W. Signing was instructed to move a patrol wagen and a plain police car out of spaces 1 and 2 immediately north of the drive into the beament parking area. These were spaces directly in line with the jail entrance.

Curry checked by telephone with Captain J. W. Fritz to now if and when he would be ready to transfer the prisoner. Fritz informed Curry that they were interrogating Casald, but he thought that they would be ready by ground 10:00 a.m. Curry telephoned Sheriff J. E. Decker and informed his we thought we would be ready to turn over the prisoner around 10:00 a.m. Sheriff Decker said that he thought that we were going to transfer the prisoner. Curry teld the Sheriff that if this was his wish, we would do it.

After this convergation, Curry and Datchelor discussed the adviability of obtaining an ermored motor truck to transport the prisoner in. Curry instricted Datchelor to see if one could be obtained. Datchelor made arrangements with Mr. Floring, Vice-President of America Datchelor Dar Service, for such a vehicle. Mr. Floring said that he had an overland ermored truck available which had sents on either side where guards could ride, that it was considerably larger than the ordinary arranged motor car which was not arranged for this type of transport, and he would prefer to use this truck. Datchelor informed Mr. Floring that the bottom of the resp

into the basement of the Police Building was of such height that he doubted the large truck could enter, but would find out the exact measurements and call Mr. Floring back. Batchelor determined from Deputy Chief Lupkin that the height at the bottom of the ramp was 7 feet 5 inches, and so informed Mr. Floring. Mr. Floring said he would send both the small and the large truck and we could take our choice. Mr. Floring stated that he would obtain drivers and go to their offices immediately and make arrangements for the trucks, and that he would call Batchelor when they were ready.

After this convergation with Mr. Floming, Batchelor and Stevenson advised Chief Curry they would go to the basement of the Pelice Duilding to check accurity. We found that Captain Talbert on his can initiative had deployed both police officers and police reservists in the basement to isolate the dail Office and the basement parking area. We checked and found officers stationed in the basement at the dail Corridor and on the stairway from the first floor. Inside the garage area of the basement, we found an officer stationed on the City Hall elevators and could see one at the top of the Main Street ramp. Batchelor went to the top of the Commerce Street ramp and observed a number of officers in front of this ramp and in front of the Police and Courts Building. He was told by a Reserv supervisor, believed to have been Captain Armett, that they had moved all spectators to the couth side of Commerce Street. He observed that this had been done. Batchelor and Stevenson returned to the Administrative Offices.

Wr. Floring called about 10:145 a.m. and said they were ready with the armored cars. Batchelor asked Wr. Floring to bring the trucks to the Conserce Street side of the Police Bullding, back them into the exit ramp to the basement. After Mr. Floring had called, Batchelor and Stevenson returned to the basement.

At this time Stovenson instructed Captain C. A. Jones to go to the Commorce Street ramp and have two (2) officers to assist the armored truck in backing down the ramp as fer as it could go. He also instructed Captain Jones to take any detectives evailable on the third floor to the basement and assign these wherever he thought they were needed. Captain Jones contacted Patrolson Joz and Patterson and passed on the instructions he had received. He turned and went back down the ramp and met Captain Talbort. He told Talbort what he had done so that these officers would not be moved.

Upon returning to the basement, Eatcheler and Stevenson were asked by dones if the photographers in the Jail Office should be there. Batcheler said no and caused them to be moved across the driveway.

Courds were placed on the exit doors from the Jail Office with instructions that photographers would not be allowed in that erea. As the photographers moved into the resp erea, some drifted to the right and some to the left. At this time, Janes asked Eatchelor if it would not be advisable to move all of the numeron to the north ramp or behind the railing on the east side of the driveway. Batchelor agreed that this would be best. The remaining detectives that were not assigned were told to form a line on either side of the Jail door. This was for the purpose of getting the prisoner into the armored truck. The newson were instructed not to attach to move close to the prisoner for the purpose of talking to him or to take photographs.

Chief Curry's car had been taken from the basement and double parked east of the exit ramp to lead the truck to the County Jail. Assistant Chief Batchelor then took his car from the basement, double parked it west of the exit ramp. Shortly thereafter, the armored trucks arrived. It was decided that the large overland truck would be best due to its accommodation of officers accompanying the prisoner. It was backed into the ramp, which is a rather stoop grade. After the driver backed the truck into the ramp with the front wheels and cab of the truck on the outside, he recommended to Catchelor that it not be taken clear down to the bottom. He said the engine was cold and the truck was extremely heavy, and he feered in pulling out he would kill the motor. Eatchelor looked at the space between the walls of the ramp and the sides of the truck and found that on the right side there was less than I foot of space and on the left side about 2 feet of space. It was decided that with officers placed in these spaces, it would be impossible for anyone to enter or leave, and it was decided that this would be the best method. The truck was left with the back wheels on the sloping ramp and the front wheels on the level sidswalk. Batchelor and Lieutenant Geart opened the back doors of the truck and searched it. They found two empty cold drink bettles and a loose tolt. They removed these items. An efficer was placed on the right sids of the truck between the wall and two officers on the left side of the truck between the wall.

Datch for remained in the basement and Stevenson returned to the third floor and went to the Homicide Dureau where he was adviced by Chief Curry that due to the threats, they had decided to use the truck as a decay. It was decided to use two regular squad care for the transporting and guarding of the prisoner. The truck was to go east on Commerce to Central

Expresses, north on Central to Elm and west on Elm to Houston and south on Houston. It was not to enter the dail, but continue past. The car bearing Casald would cut off at Hain Street on Central and proceed to the Gounty dail west on Main. Lieutenant Pierce was also in the Housicids office. He was instructed to take a cor, park it in front of the armored truck and when given the signal, he was to lead the armored truck over the Elm Street route as had been originally planned. Lieutenant Pierce went to the basement, obtained his car, picked up Sergeant Putness and Maxey and drove around the City Hall to park his car in front of the armored truck on Commerce Street.

At approximately 10:00.a.m., Stevenson instructed the Bureau Commenders in the Criminal Investigation Division that all detectives on duty in all assignments would stand by in their bureau for possible use in security measures in transferring Ossald. Lumpkin and Stevenson then went to the second floor, the Patrol Captain's office, drank a cup of coffee with Captain C. E. Talbert. Talbert asked the route the prisoner transfer was going to take to the County Jail. He was told that they would probably go cast on Commerce to Central, north on Central to Main, west on Main to the County Jail, that this decision had not definitely been determined. Talbert suggested that an officer be placed at each intersection on the route to the County Jail. Talbert stated that he would have ten (10) men picked up and assigned at these intersections.

After drinking the coffee, Lumpkin and Stevenson returned to the third floor where they learned from Chief Curry that the route to be followed was east on Corneros to Central, north on Central to Elm, west on Elm to Houston, south on Houston to the rear of the County Jail where arrangements had been made with the Sheriff's Office to have the steel gates opened to the driveway leading to the back door of the Jail. Deputy Chief R. H. Lunday was at the County Jail with a detail of mon holding the spectators to the west side of Houston Street.

After talking with Chief Curry in the Hemicide Eureau, Stevenson left the Eureau, met Lumpkin at about 11:15 a.m. They both boarded the elevator and went to the basement. Lumpkin was advised of the change in plans on the way to the basement. On arrival in the basement, Stephenson also informed Eatchelor and Jones of the change in plans, of transporting Oswald to the County Jail. Stephenson then proceeded across the driveway to the entrance to the garage where Detective C. W. Brown, driving one car, and Detective C. N. Phority, driving a second car, were preparing to pull these cars onto the ramp behind the ermored truck. Stephenson advised the officers on security detail in the basement and across the driveway to

open up and make room for the two cars to pull up onto the ramp. Detective Brown pulled up onto the ramp. Detective Brown's car. As he pulled onto the ramp, Stevenson stopped to the west side of the south ramp. Encrity backed his car into position to pick up the prisoner with the rear of the car about one (1) foot north of the south Jail entrance wall.

Stevenson was standing about even with the hinges of the right front door, Lumpkin was standing at the front of the right front fender. As the car backed into position, Stephenson observed Captain Fritz coming from the dail Office door. He immediately cost his eyes to the overall security of the officers in the basement.

dust prior to this time, Lieutenant W. Wiggins had received a telephone call from Lieutenant Baker to the effect that they were leaving the third floor with the prisoner. Wiggins observed his dail elevator descending and stopping, and Captain Fritz, the prisoner and the detectives emerging. Wiggins stopped to the dail Office door, into the corridor outside and stopped to the north side of the door. Setween the elevator and the door the question was asked "is everything alright". Wiggins stated that if he ensured at all, he stated that everything was alright. He does not specifically recall ensuring.

Before the officers eccerting Casaid reached the back door of the car, Stavenson heard a shot. Neither Stavenson or Lumpkin observed who fired the shot. Batchelor was standing on the east side of the cars that were to carry the detectives and the prisoner, with the intention of running to the truck and closing the doors issudiately that the prisoner case down. As he stood there, someone should, "here they come" and Batchelor started toward the truck. When he heard a shot fired, he turned around to see a mass of men holding sessons on the floor. Someone ran from this group up the Wain Street ramp. He was followed by several others, either following or chasing him. The officer at the top of the Main Street ramp pulled his pistol, waved it from side to side and said, "get back down that ramp".

At the sound of the shot, Stevenson again directed his attention to the detectives who had custody of the suspect and observed several officers subduing a person. He also observed Detective Graves rise from the group of officers with a gun clasped in his hand. The person who was subdued by the officers at that time was immediately moved into the Jail Office.

Stevenson stepped inside the dail to determine that the prisoner was taken into custody, and that Ossald had been moved into the dail Office. Wiggins ordered an embulance called. Stevenson them went back out onto the ramp, told the officers who were containing the crowd that the party who did the shooting was in custody and that there was no further trouble.

The person who did the shooting was taken to the fifth floor jail where he was stripped and searched completely. After the suspect was taken into the Jail Office, Stevenson heard an officer make the remark "it's Jack Ruby". Gavald was transported to Parkland Hospital accompanied by Homicide officers and additional officers followed to set up security at Parkland Hospital.

Charges were filed against Ruby Sunday evening for the murder of Casald. He was arrained before Justice of the Feace Pierce McGride in the Hemicide effice. He was transferred to County Jail at approximately 11:45 a.m., Menday morning, November 25, 1963 by Captain J. W. Fritz and officers of the Hemicide Eureau.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles Batcholor
Assistant Chief of Police

George L. Lumpkin Deputy Chief of Police Service Division

H. W. Stevenson Deputy Chief of Police Criminal Investigation Division

STEVENSON EXHIBIT No. 5053—Continued

SHEET STATE

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