In reply refer to PT/FLA-130-Coreald, Les Harvey

Dear Mrs. Osmalds

In your recent letters to the Department concerning the situation of your son in the Soviet Union, Mr. Lee Harvey Coueld, you inquired whether he had remained a citizen of the United States.

It is believed that the United States passers which was issued to your sen on September 10, 1959 is being retained at the American Embessy at Rescow, there he presented it on October 31, 1959, indisting that he had made application for Soviet citizenship and did not wish to remain a United States citizen.

There is enclosed for your information an except from the Irrigration and Nationality Act of 1952, sutting forth the memor in which United States nationality may be lost. Your attention is invited perficularly to Section 3h9(a)(1). Should it be ascertained that your seen had voluntarily obtained naturalization in a foreign state upon his can application, he would be considered to have brought himself under the section of law just mentioned. Should your seen not be granted Soviet citizenship upon his application and, having remained a United States citizen, appear at the Embassy for the purpose of voluntarily fulfilling the conditions of Section 3h9(a)(6) of the 1952 Act, he would be considered as having expatriated himself under that section of law.

The Department presently has no information that the Embassy at Moscow has evidence of record upon which to base the preparation of a certificate of loss of United States nationality in the case of your son under any section of the expatriation laws of the United States. If such a certificate is prepared in the future by the Embassy and approved by the Department, you will be informed.

Sincerely,

John T. White Chief, Foreign Operations Division Passport Office

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Experpt.

Mrs. Marguerite Osmild, 1605 8th Avenus, Fort: Worth, Texas.

PPT: Bisterman: ww/6/21/6900

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COMMISSION EXHIBIT 210